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NORTH STATE MATTERS

News Items Gleaned From
Murphy to Lanteo.

The Haywood Trial.

Raleigh, Special.—The trial of Ernest Haywood for the killing of Ludlow Skinner was begun on Thursday of last week. The jury was selected without much difficulty. Twenty-five witnesses were examined Friday. With the exception of two witnesses none testified to having seen anything of the killing until they were attracted by the sound of a pistol shot and saw Haywood standing on the sidewalk near the south end of the postoffice, with his smoking pistol leveled at Skinner, who was moving rapidly across the street. As he came near to the center of it the second shot came as Skinner slightly turned, and then he circled till he fell to the ground on his face, dying almost at once. The evidence for the State was not concluded Friday.

Fire at High Point.

High Point, Special.—The machinery room of the High Point Mangle and Table Company's plant was destroyed by fire Thursday night about 12:30 o'clock. The fire started in the drying house close to the machinery building, which was also destroyed. Prompt work on the part of the local firemen saved further destruction. The loss on the insurance is estimated at about \$10,000. Enough factory property in close proximity was saved by the firemen, which otherwise would have burned to pay for the water works several times over. The burned district will be rebuilt at once.

North State News.

Internal revenue agents Wednesday at Milton, Caswell county, made the largest seizure of liquor known in the history of the bureau in North Carolina. Six thousand gallons, valued at \$9,000, were seized by Deputy Collector Starbuck, just as the barrels were being loaded on the train for shipment. The 115 barrels were all properly stamped, being seized for violation of the revenue law. Officers declined to give particulars. The whiskey will be stored in government warehouses in Greensboro, unless the owner gives bond. The distillery belonged to T. M. Angle, of Milton, it being the most extensive government distillery in that district.

Knowles, the trusted night-watchman for the Hardin Manufacturing Company, was taken to Dallas Wednesday and placed in jail by Deputy Sheriff Robert Rhyme, for breaking into the company's store. The company had been missing money and checks for some time, and set a trap to catch the thief, allowing two persons to stay in the store. About 10 o'clock the watchman and a committee went to the money drawer, where he was standing when the lights were turned on. Knowles then acknowledged to the theft.

At a meeting Wednesday afternoon of natives of North Carolina who are residents of Richmond, Va., steps were taken toward the formation of what is to be known as the North Carolina Society of Richmond, and a committee was appointed to represent the society at the gathering of the North Carolina "dispersed abroad," to be held at Greensboro; October 12. Rev. Dr. W. W. Moore, of the Union Theological Seminary, was chosen to be the spokesman of this delegation.

Appointments to University scholarships at Columbia were received Tuesday. They are for postgraduate study and are valued at \$150 each. They are awarded for excellence in study and general merit. Among the recipients is Leonidas Wakefield Crawford, Jr., of Greensboro, course in English literature. He is an A. M. of Trinity College, of Durham, and A. M. of Columbia University, 1903.

The grand jury at the Charlotte court house Tuesday afternoon found a true bill against John Kirk, colored, for the murder of Willie Smith, also colored, near Ebenezer, in Sahron about two weeks ago. The defendant has not yet been apprehended.

Woman Defaulter.

New York, Special.—Marie Layton Johnson, aged 29 years, the wife of Albert M. Johnson, a dentist of Larchmont, N. Y., with an office in this city, was arrested Friday night on a warrant specifically charging her with the grand larceny of \$2,000. The total amount of her defalcations, however, may, it is said, amount to \$50,000.

A Loss By Fire.

Messrs. L. S. Phipps and John M. Andrews, of Greensboro, lost their tobacco barns by fire Tuesday night. Mr. Phipps finished curing his tobacco and the fires were drawn, taking the precaution of putting water on the embers, but on Sunday afternoon in some way the barn caught fire, destroying all of the tobacco and several vehicles which were under the shed of the barn. Mr. Andrews was killing out his barn of tobacco when it caught fire and was destroyed.

S. & W. to Be Extended.

Johnson City, Tenn., Special.—George L. Carter, president of the road announces that the South & Western Railroad, formerly the Ohio River & Charleston, is to be at once extended from Johnson City to the West Virginia coal fields and from its North Carolina terminus to the Atlantic coast. The extensions will aggregate several hundred miles. The road was originally projected from Charleston to Chicago via Cincinnati.

NORTH STATE CROP BULLETIN

Conditions for Past Week as Reported
By the Department.

The past week was very favorable for all kinds of work. Practically no precipitation occurred anywhere during the week, except on the immediate coast, and the complete absence of moisture was somewhat detrimental to late crops, especially turnips, crimson clover and grass recently seeded. The temperature was nearly normal, but the nights were generally cool, especially on the 22d, 25th and 28th; moderate temperatures during the day made conditions very pleasant for outdoor work, which progressed rapidly. The soil is apparently in good condition, and fall plowing for wheat and oats is well underway. The amount of sunshine was above normal for the week.

Cutting old corn was continued during the week; some late corn has also been cut and shocked, though much of it is still too green in several western counties; the bulk of the corn crop has matured sufficiently to be safe from frost, and will give a large yield. Fodder pulling is nearly over. Late cotton has been somewhat injured by cool nights, and generally the dry, cool weather has tended to hasten the maturity of the crop; it is opening rapidly everywhere, and picking is general; some correspondents report that half the crop has been gathered; indications are still for a short crop. In some sections in the northern portion of the State late tobacco is reported as the best crop for some years, probably on account of the excellence of late cures; the work of housing tobacco is nearly complete, though there is some in the fields which might be damaged by an early frost. Making hay, picking peas, digging peanuts and sweet potatoes and harvesting rice progressed favorably during the week. Turnips and fall Irish potatoes need rain; many turnip seeds have failed to sprout. Some farmers are sowing crimson clover, grass seeds and some advance in reported in the seeding of winter wheat. Early sown rye is being injured a little by insects.

The next Weekly Crop Bulletin will be the last issue for the present season.

Government Crop Report.

Washington, Special.—The weather bureau's weekly summary of crop conditions says:

"The principal corn States have experienced weather conditions exceptionally favorable for maturing late corn, and while frosts have been quite general in the central and eastern portions of the corn belt, no material damage is indicated.

"With generally seasonable temperatures and practically no rain over the entire cotton belt, cotton has opened rapidly and picking has been active in Georgia. On the whole the crop having been gathered. Cool nights and the general prevalence of drought in the central and western districts have been detrimental, and rust and shedding continue to be extensively reported, although rust is somewhat less prevalent in Georgia. On the whole the crop has suffered deterioration, especially in the central and western portions of the belt. Little or no top crop is promised. In Texas the plant has almost entirely ceased fruiting and in some central counties is dying. In North Carolina the conditions have favored the maturity of late cotton. In South Carolina premature opening has been checked.

News of the Day.

Robert P. Skinner, the American Consul-General at Marseilles, will penetrate the wilds of Abyssinia, guarded by a detachment of American marines from the European Squadron, to negotiate a commercial treaty with the King of Abyssinia.

The Rappahannock Fair began at Fredericksburg.

Libbun Bales, aged 14 years, is said to have fired 38 shots into the body of John Taylor, of Russell county, Virginia.

The orders for a restriction of the acetate coal output has affected nearly all the collieries in the Wilkes-Barre region.

H. H. Rand, formerly confidential clerk to the Postmaster-General, and lately assistant superintendent of the Salary and Allowance Division, has been dropped from the rolls after indefinite leave without pay.

In an address to the grand jury Chief Justice Loe, of Delaware, took occasion to severely denounce lynching.

Leader Murphy, of Tammany Hall, proposes to endorse Edward M. Grant and Charles V. Fornes, nominees on the fusion ticket.

James W. Erwin, one of the indicated postal inspectors, continued his testimony before the United States Commissioner in San Francisco.

Armed detectives were on guard at W. G. Rockefeller's Adirondack cottage and around his estate.

Fourteen culprits were severely whipped in the Newcastle County (Del.) Jail yard and a large crowd, including women, witnessed the bloody work.

Gov. A. B. Cummings, of Iowa, opened his campaign for re-election at Des Moines.

The Sheffield Scientific School will make test on 20 members of the army hospital corps with a view to fixing the minimum amount of proteid necessary to maintain normal life.

Snow has fallen on the Balkan mountains, greatly increasing the hardships of the Macedonian refugees.

Gen. Ian Hamilton arrived on the Lacania from England and will visit Southern battlefields.

THE TILLMAN TRIAL.

End of First Week in a Famous
Case.

STATE TESTED ON SATURDAY.

Much Testimony Given By State
Witnesses—The Defense's First
Witness.

Fourth Day.

The fourth day of the trial of James H. Tillman, charged with the murder of Editor Gonzales, which was closed with the adjournment of court was taken up almost wholly with the reading of editorials from the State files which were placed in evidence Tuesday. It was not anticipated when the reading was begun that one-half the time would be consumed that was taken, and even then there are about two columns yet to be read. It is estimated that some 30 columns were read during the day. The papers from which the editorials were read run from the first of April to the end of February, 1902. Twice during the day Judge Gary suspended court momentarily because of the strain on the jurors, who listened intently throughout.

C. J. Terrell, the editor of a newspaper at Johnston, S. C., was among the first witnesses Friday.

"Mr. Terrell, I wish you would state to the jury whether you ever heard James H. Tillman make any threat against Gonzales," said Solicitor Thurmond.

After stating that he had, and in answer to a question saying it was on the streets of Edgefield, just before the beginning of the campaign of last summer, witness was asked to state what he said, when he made the first statement.

"We were walking along, and I spoke to him about his health and his improvement from his trip, and as we neared the office door and he was going down and kill him like a dog, I remonstrated with him about it. I told him I thought it would be wrong in principle and every way, and the best thing he could do, if he had given him any insult or cause for anything like that, was to go down there and tackle him man and man and give him what he thought was needed. He said no, that he was going down there and give him no more show than he would a mad dog."

Did you at any other time hear him make a threat? the solicitor asked.

"Yes, sir," witness replied. He then, said, in answer to questions, that it was on a train going to Columbia, and that O. D. Black was present. In answer to an inquiry from the solicitor, the witness said "Black and I were talking, and Colonel Tillman came up, and I introduced them. I said, 'Colonel this is Mr. Black, do you know?' He said, 'Oh, yes, I know Black,' and slapped him on the shoulder or leg, slapped him that way (indicating) and from that the conversation went on on general topics until presently he referred to what he called the 'Gonzales matter.' I want it distinctly understood, I am not trying to quote verbatim what was said, but I am just giving an idea of what was said of the words that were used. He said, 'Black, old boy, I am going to do what I said about that old fellow. I am going to put an end to his way of abusing me, slandering me, etc., like that. I am going to put a stop to it, something like that; I don't remember the exact words.'"

Asked as to any other statements the witness said, "On the day they were canvassing the returns in Columbia, I went to Columbia to make a trial for advertising. I was standing in front of the Attorney General's office, talking at the time to the General Gunter and Secretary of State Gantt and Watson—I think his initials are F. J. M. Watson, of the State—E. J. I think are his initials. All four of us were talking, and just as Tillman came up Gantt and Gunter walked off and Colonel Tillman, addressing Watson, made some statements. He said that sounded—'with some oaths before it—in that building yonder had attacked him. He went on to say about his attacking him and being unjust to him, and made some threat, I don't think he made a threat, but he said he had had as much of it as he was going to have, and made some demonstrative threat and told Watson: 'You can tell him that if you want.' Watson declined to do it. He said: 'I wish you would do it. I made it with me in demonstrative way, that way (indicating), and Watson declined to do it.'"

The testimony of Dr. Adams was to the effect that Tillman, in a interview had said he "would snuff his (Gonzales) life out with this," referring to pistol. Several other witnesses were put on the stand for the State.

The first week of the Tillman trial closed with Saturday. The State practically exhausted its evidence, of which most was only in corroboration of that already given. The defense opened with its first witness.

The defendant's witness heard Saturday was Mary J. Roper, who was formerly from Edgefield, but is now living in New York. During the year 1902 she had charge, she said, of an infirmary at Spartanburg, and nursed Captain Raphael Elliott, an uncle of N. G. Gonzales. Mr. Gonzales, she said, visited his uncle at the infirmary there, and when asked if she had heard Mr. Gonzales make any reference to Mr. Tillman in his conversations with Capt. Elliott, she replied in the affirmative, stating what she testified he said concerning Mr. Tillman. In her direct examination the witness made this further statement:

"He asked me if I considered Col. Tillman a brave man; I told him I certainly did; he said he did not; that he had made Mr. Tillman show the white feather twice; that Col. Tillman had challenged him to two duels which he did not acknowledge and that Col. Tillman had no more resentment than

to come to him in the hotel lobby and offer him a cigar, which was declined." "Was it one or more occasions that you heard him speak of Mr. Tillman in this derogatory manner?" "On several occasions, the few days he was in the hospital," replied the witness.

She said she had known Lieut. Gov. Tillman's family all her life and that the families are connected by marriage. Miss Roper said she had never heard Lieut. Gov. Tillman make any threats towards Mr. Gonzales.

After this the trial was assigned to the consideration of other business.

NEWSY CLEANINGS.

A poor potato crop is reported from Minnesota.

The Car-Wheel Trust was organized recently with \$9,000,000 capital.

Railway earnings are a million dollars a week greater this year than last.

Surgeon-General Riley has decided to urge on Congress the enlargement of the General Naval Hospital at Portsmouth, Va.

German coal is gaining a hold in the French markets, and the French State railways have ordered 8000 tons at \$1.60 a ton.

The Corset Manufacturers' Association at Berlin has agreed to raise prices five per cent, because of the increased cost of cotton.

Land estimated to contain upward of 350,000,000 feet of standing timber on Coquille River, Oregon, was sold recently for \$25,000.

A plague of fleas has infested Chicago and the physicians and Health Department are unable to cope effectively with the insects.

Over 10,000,000 pieces of mail were received in the year ending June 30 by the Dead Letter Office, \$18,634 in money being found in them.

Frederick Marriott, who sued Truxton Beale and T. H. Williams for \$100,000 damages for shooting him, was awarded \$16,789 against Williams.

Detroit, Mich., is turning out from sixty-five to seventy-five complete automobiles daily, with a likelihood of producing 100 or more each day next season.

James Keffer, murderer of William Warren, was hanged in the jail yard at Leavenworth, Kan., after a last night spent in singing, dancing, and telling stories to the death watch.

A receiver was appointed in the United States District Court in Connecticut for the Consolidated Lake Superior Company, and an injunction was issued restraining a forced sale of the property.

SPORTING BRIEVITIES.

Kent cricketers defeated the Philadelphia team by seven wickets.

Golf has reached a fixed and definite place among our national sports.

Quarterback kicking is to be a feature of this season's football games.

Buffalo is a bit sore because Jersey City won the Eastern League pennant.

Pitcher Charley Chech, of the St. Paul Club, won twenty-two out of twenty-five games pitched.

Harvard's football team will have a heavy rush line. Her centre trio this fall will average more than 200 pounds.

Lajoie claims that the Clevelanders would have won the American League pennant easily if Bernhardt had not been injured.

According to reports of sportsmen the hunting season will be a failure in Pennsylvania if rabbits are taken into consideration.

Hugh Duffy, once the captain of the Boston National League Club, has been engaged to manage the Philadelphia National League nine for 1904.

Captain Hunt, of Cornell, although he has played guard heretofore, has developed into a great drop kicker, and recently has been playing full back.

Major Taylor, the colored bicycle rider, has returned to Worcester, after a campaign of ten months in Australia, India and France. He said it was his last trip.

The Chicago Baseball Club is pretty well satisfied with the distinction of being the only one that has defeated the champion Pittsburghs in the season's series.

Jimmy Michael will return to America this fall and take up cycle racing. The midget will remain for next season, riding probably under the management of James C. Kennedy.

The \$5000 stake for three-year-old trotters was the feature of the opening of the grand circuit trots at Cincinnati, and was won in three straight heats by Ethel's Pride, best time 2:15.

THE WAY TO THEIR HEARTS.

Boisterous Lads Proved Themselves Not Wholly Bad.

There was nothing lacking in the way of rowdiness on the homeward-bound car from Bath Beach. All the "boys" were on it, and made it perfectly apparent to other passengers that the conductor had nothing to do but collect fares, and that the motorman, big as he was, had little concern in what was going on behind him.

In the next to the front seat sat a little, bantam woman, her white hair plastered smooth beneath one of those curious little black silk bonnets that are never seen in the shops, but which old women seem to know where to find. She wrapped her shawl closer around her frail figure as the rowdies became noisier and noisier at the conductor when he made a feeble effort to stop them. Finally they started to sing a shameless song. A man who was riding home with his wife and two children stood up in the car and managed to secure a moment's attention.

"Oh, come, lads," he pleaded; "not before mother!"

The shot struck home. There was order on that car until the little woman got off near the Brooklyn entrance to the bridge—New York Times.

German women use the word "club" to designate a school organization, but do not apply it to associations or unions of working women. They pronounce it "kloob."

GONZALES' DYING STATEMENT.

State Gains a Point By Admission of
Dead Man's Account of Tragedy.

Lexington, S. C., Special.—The third day of the famous Tillman trial resulted in the introduction of the dying statement of the deceased. The point was hotly contested. Mr. Jas. A. Hoyt, Jr., testified on this point, and was closely cross-examined by the defense.

Dr. C. W. Barron, of Columbia, was at the hospital when Mr. Gonzales was brought there from The State office. He said he asked Mr. Gonzales within ten or fifteen minutes after he had been carried into the hospital:

"N. G., do you understand your condition?"

"I do," the doctor said Gonzales replied, when witness said he asked him the further question:

"Do you understand, N. G., that you will probably die?" The reply being, witness testified, "I do."

The doctor said Mr. Gonzales had no hope of recovery. He considered Gonzales in extremis. Witness said Gonzales made a statement at the hospital which the witness said Gonzales said was a death statement.

Dr. J. W. Babcock, superintendent of the State Insane Hospital, saw Gonzales as he lay on the floor in The State office. He described the location of the bullet wounds, and gave the opinion that it was indicated that the body of a man receiving such wounds was on the point of turning. Dr. Babcock also saw Gonzales at the hospital just after he was received there. Gonzales, he said, made a statement to him which he said he took down in long hand notes. Reading from his notes he said the following were the words of Gonzales, as near as he could take it down:

"He had one man with him who was a particular friend of him, Tal Bird; another man whose face I did not observe. I started for the State House as usual. As I got to the corner of Gervais street I recognized Tillman. I knew if I kept on I would collide with him as they were three abreast, both on the outside. I cut diagonally across to the left, intending to turn right, for I had seen him in the lobby of the House. The thing was finished as far as I was concerned."

August Kohn, a well known newspaper man, testified that Gonzales said he had sent no message to Tillman.

Killed By Cave-In.

Columbus, Ga.—While making measurements in a deep trench in a public street here Wednesday afternoon, Superintendent of Public Works Robert L. Johnson and a negro workman, Brad Smith, were killed by a mass of dirt caving in on them. The alarm was given immediately and a force of workmen was sent to rescue the men. While this force was at work a second cave-in followed, burying seven or eight men. Mayor Chappell ordered the hook and ladder truck of the fire department to the scene with several firemen to help in the work. Quick work saved the lives of five workmen, who were dug out of the trench, but two of them are fatally hurt. The bodies of Johnson and the negro Smith, were recovered. The injured men were sent to their homes and physicians are giving them medical attention. Superintendent Johnson was one of the best known civil and municipal engineers in the South. He was formerly engaged in government work. He leaves a wife and four children.

Not Coming South.

Pine Bluff, Ark., Special.—In response to an invitation to visit the Branch Normal College, colored, here in the event of a Southern tour by him, former President Grover Cleveland has written as follows to Prof. Isaac Fisher, principal of the college. "The reports in the press, indicating that I intend soon to pay a visit to the South are entirely without foundation. I have had no such intention, though I know that I would enjoy such a trip. If it were true that I were to make such a tour and come to the State of Arkansas, I do not know of anything that I would like better than to pay a visit to your school."

A Match Race.

Memphis, Special.—Secretary Murry Howe, of the Memphis Driving Park Association, announced that arrangements have been concluded whereby Prince Albert, 1:57, and Dan Patch, 1:59, will meet in a match race on the opening day of the grand circuit meeting, which begins October 20. On the second day Lou Dillon, the trotting queen, and Major Delmar, recently purchased by E. E. Snathers, will trot a specially arranged race.

Bryan to Speak.

Columbus, O., Special.—It is announced that Hon. Wm. J. Bryan will be in Ohio on October 5 to lend assistance to the Democratic cause. He will speak at Napoleon and Oak Harbor during the day, and in Sandusky at night. He had promised to give three days to the Ohio committee, but preparations for his European trip reduced this number to one.

FAVORS AN EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

The Committee of Organized Labor
Waits on the President.

Washington, Special.—The executive council of the American Federation of Labor has issued an address to organized labor, which advocates the eight-hour day, opposes abuse by the courts of the writ of injunction and strongly asserts the principle of the union shop. The address describes the recent conference with President Roosevelt, quoting the President as favoring the eight-hour bill. In the conference, says the address, the "open shop" idea was carefully considered. The address continues:

"Replying to statements on the subject, President Roosevelt set forth that in his decision he had nothing in mind but a strict compliance with Federal, including civil service law, and that he recognized a difference between employment by the government circumscribed by those laws and any other form of employment, and that his decision in the Miller case should not be understood to have any other effect or influence than affecting direct employment by the government in accordance therewith. He furthermore made plain that in any form of employment excepting that so circumscribed, he believed the full employment of union men was preferable either to non-union or 'open shop.'"

"In view of the publicity given this subject, the executive council of the American Federation of Labor takes this opportunity to say that the trade union movement stands for strictly union shop, experience having proved that where the 'open shop' system has been tried, reduction in wages and profits have ensued, with general disaster to the industry practicing that system, and therefore declares that the best interests of the labor movement is for the employment of union workers and discourages in every way, shape and form the deteriorating effects which follow recognition of the 'open shop.'"

The address argues that the success of agreements with employers depends on the complete organization of labor, for only an organized body can carry into execution such an agreement.

Condition of the Treasury.

Washington, Special.—Mr. Roberts, Treasurer of the United States, has submitted to Secretary Shaw his report on the condition of the Treasury June 30, and its operations during the past fiscal year. The total net revenues for the year were \$569,396,674, an increase of \$38,988,439 over the year preceding, and the total expenditures \$506,099,007, an increase of \$35,782,034. The surplus was \$54,297,667, as compared with \$91,287,375 in 1902. In the receipts there was an increase of upwards of \$30,000,000 from customs, and a falling off of over \$41,000,000 from internal revenue, the latter being the result of legislation enacted with that object. On the side of expenditures there was an increase in every important account, except pensions and interest, in which there were slight savings. The expenditures for the two military departments, which together amounted to \$191,237,554, forming by far the heaviest outlay for any single purpose, were upward of \$21,000,000 greater than the year before.

Treasurer Roberts places the monetary stock of the country on June 30, 1903, including gold and silver, United States currency, and all other national bank notes, but not certificates, at \$2,688,149,621, an increase of \$124,882,963 for the year. The increase in gold was \$60,137,401, and in national bank notes \$56,998,559. The total estimated stock of gold was \$1,252,371,690, consisting nearly of half the weight of the whole. The gold in the Treasury amounted to \$631,420,739, after a gain of \$71,220,480 in twelve months. Of the receipts from customs at the port of New York, constituting 67 per cent of the whole 88 per cent, were in gold certificates, and the money in circulation during the year was \$121,740,252, of which \$59,997,700 was in gold certificates and \$54,520,193 in national bank notes. The share of money for each person increased 89 cents and the proportion of gold to the whole rose to 42 per cent, the highest ratio ever recorded. There has been a continual increase in the proportions of paper currency of the denominations of \$10, and under in circulation, but the growth hardly keeps pace with the demand. The supply can be increased if Congress will authorize the issue of gold certificates for \$10, and remove the restriction on the issue of \$5 notes by national banks.

Twelve Persons Drowned.

Marquette, Wis., Special.—The passenger steamer Erie T. Hackley of Fish Creek, founded in Green Bay Saturday night, during a hard squall, and twelve persons were drowned and seven rescued. The dead: Joseph Vorous, captain; — Truchly, cook, of the Hackley. Passengers: Freeman Thorpe, Fish Creek; Edna Barringer, Fish Creek; Lawrence Barringer, brother of Edna Barringer, Fish Creek; Francis Vincent, Egg Harbor; — Vincent, sister of Francis, Egg Harbor; George Leclair, Jr., Jacksonport; N. Fitzsimmons, Jacksonport; Henry Rabiter, Fish Creek; Carl Kelly, Fish Creek; Neils Nelson, Sturgeon Bay.

A Match Race.

Howe, of the Memphis Driving Park Association, announced that arrangements have been concluded whereby Prince Albert, 1:57, and Dan Patch, 1:59, will meet in a match race on the opening day of the grand circuit meeting, which begins October 20. On the second day Lou Dillon, the trotting queen, and Major Delmar, recently purchased by E. E. Snathers, will trot a specially arranged race.

DECISION IS FINAL

President Roosevelt Gives Ultimatum
in Miller Case

MET THE LABOR REPRESENTATIVES

The President of the Whole People is
Unable to Recognize the Demands
of Any Creed or Organization.

Washington, Special.—An important conference took place at the White House Tuesday night between President Roosevelt and five members of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor, including President Gompers and John Mitchell, head of the Miners' Union, during which the case of Foreman W. A. Miller, of the government printing office, was the principal topic of discussion. The conference was granted at the request of the labor leaders. The Miller case was very fully presented by the members of the executive council, at the close of which the President made a statement in which he announced that his decision not to dismiss Miller was final, and that the question of his personal fitness must be settled in the regular routine of administration. The statement says:

"As regards the Miller case, I have little to add to what I have already said. In dealing with it I ask you to remember that I am dealing purely with the relation of the government to its employees. I must govern my action by the laws of the land, which I am sworn to administer, and which differentiate any case in which the government of the United States is a party from all other cases whatsoever. These laws are enacted for the benefit of the whole people, and cannot and must not be construed as permitting discrimination against some of the people. I am President of all the people of the United States, without regard to creed, color, birthplace, occupation or social condition. My aim is to do equal and exact justice to all among the people. In the employment and dismissal of men in the government service I can no more recognize the fact that a man does or does not belong to a union as being for or against him than I can recognize the fact that he is a Protestant or a Catholic, a Jew or a Gentile, as being for or against him.

"In the communications sent me by various labor organizations protesting against the retention of Miller in the government printing office the grounds alleged are two-fold:

1. "That he is a non-union man. 2. That he is not personally fit. The question of his personal fitness is one to be settled in the routine of administrative detail, and cannot be allowed to conflict with or to complicate the large question of governmental discrimination for or against him or any other man because he is or is not a member of a union. This is the only question now before me for decision; and as to this decision is final."

Big Rise in Cotton.

A New York special to the Charlotte, N. C., Observer of Wednesday says: With September 1st at an advance of 145 points for the day and more than 200 in two days and likely to go higher, and with news of quick settlements 100 points higher, the New York cotton exchange Tuesday saw the culmination of the most permitting fully carried out corner in cotton in the history of this market a corner which has made for W. P. Brown, of New Orleans, the leader, at the least calculation between \$7,000,000 and \$8,000,000 in September option alone. Tuesday in one hour cotton rose more than \$5 a bale, because the men who had a theory that the corner would not hold and sold by the thousands of bales were not able to find it to buy to make the deliveries they had contracted to make tomorrow, and had to buy it of the men who had practically sold it. In order to prevent the market rising to absolutely ruinous figures many of these have made settlement within the last two days with figures a cent a pound above the market rate.

PEARSON PUBLISHING COMPANY

THE CAUCASIAN

Raleigh, N. C. Oct. 8, 1903.
Entered at the Post Office in Raleigh, N. C., as second-class mail matter.

ARE YOU COMING?
Great State Fair Raleigh, N. C., October 19-24, 1903.

Everybody is invited to take part in the great State Fair.

Make your entries for premiums, a liberal line of premiums is offered on agricultural products, horses, cattle, sheep, swine, horticulture, poultry, supplies, manufactures, general displays, fancy work, art, etc., premiums paid promptly in thirty days from close of the Fair. Grandest display of agricultural and labor-saving farm machinery of the latest and best styles ever seen in the South. Alone worth a trip to the Fair. Solid carload of threshing machinery, fanning mills, etc. Finest display of poultry and pet stock in the State. Exhibit of butter making. Great display of fine cattle. Archer and Adair will send the finest display of sheep ever seen here. The free attractions have never before been equaled, the Human Bomb, a man who goes up enclosed in a bomb, which explodes at a dizzy height, and lets him drop with his parachute; the Great Captive War Balloon, carries passengers to a height of 1,200 feet with perfect safety. The greatest reunion of Confederate Veterans held for many years will be held on the 22nd of October in Raleigh. The Great Gaskill-Mundy-Lewis Carnival Company with fifteen first-class shows, will be here. They will furnish four splendid free acts. Great Grant on the high wire, Arthur Holden's grand high dive from a ladder one hundred feet high into three feet of water, Youturkey's marvelous slide for life, Dervault's wonderful spiral act, ascends a spiral 75 feet standing on a ball and slowly descends.

One fare for the round trip plus a fifty cent coupon admission to the Fair Grounds on all railroads. Special excursions and extras with convenient schedules allowing visitors to get home at a reasonable hour after spending a most delightful day in the Capital City. For further information address
JOSEPH E. POGUE, Secretary

RAILROAD RATES TO STATE FAIR.

The railroads announce a rate of one fare for the round trip, plus a fifty-cent coupon of admission, to the Fair Grounds. This rate is from all points in North Carolina. Tickets on sale Saturday, October 15th, good returning Monday, October 28th. The rates for points are given as follows, rate includes one admission to the Fair Grounds:

Southern.	
Durham	.....\$1.35
Burlington	.....2.45
Chapel Hill	.....1.95
Greensboro	.....3.15
Salisbury	.....4.70
Charlotte	.....6.15
Winston	.....4.10
Danville	.....3.95
Lynchburg	.....5.05
Selma	.....1.40
Goldboro	.....2.05
Oxford	.....2.40
Atlantic Coast Line.	
Fayetteville	.....\$3.00
Dunn	.....2.20
Wilson	.....2.20
Rocky Mount	.....2.75
Tarboro	.....3.30
Greenville	.....4.45
Hobgood	.....3.70
A. and N. C.	
LaGrange	.....\$2.50
Kinston	.....2.90
New Bern	.....3.95

The railroads promise an increase of 50 per cent in facilities to accommodate the great crowds.

Seaboard.	
Richmond	.....\$5.30
LaCrosse	.....3.05
Portsmouth	.....5.95
Weldon	.....3.60
Wilmington	.....2.95
Henderson	.....1.95
Louisburg	.....1.70
Youngsville	.....1.20
Wake Forest	.....1.05
Southern Pines	.....2.70
Sanford	.....1.85
Hamlet	.....3.65
Laurinburg	.....4.15
Monroe	.....5.35

Dispensary for Raleigh.
There was a vote on the Dispensary in Raleigh Monday and the Dispensary forces won by about 194 majority.

Sad Death of a Boy in Wake County.

Cyrus Johnson, a fourteen year old lad in Swift Creek township, eleven miles from Raleigh, met with a sad death Sunday morning. The boy was playing in some cotton seed and fell in a hole headforemost and suffocated before he was found.

"Principles of Profitable Farming."

A copy of the pamphlet "Principles of Profitable Farming," is before us in a new and revised edition.

The principles of proper rotation with leguminous crops and the great advantages to be derived by such methods are explained in the pamphlet in a fascinating manner. A description of the Experiment Farm at Southern Pines, N. C., where the best methods of using fertilizers are being studied and put into practice, is also a valuable feature of this publication.

A thorough perusal of the book would be of interest and benefit to all practical farmers and copies can be had, free of charge, by writing to the German Kell Works, 93 Nassau Street, New York, N. Y.

Haywood-Skinner Trial.

[Continued from first page.]

The trial of Ernest Haywood for killing Ludlow Skinner was resumed Monday morning with the hearing of important witnesses for the defense. Mr. R. N. Simms an attorney in Raleigh was the first witness and he testified that Mr. Skinner struck Mr. Haywood and was standing in a threatening attitude at the time Haywood shot him. Mr. Bernard Schultz a lawyer of Baltimore, was in Raleigh on the day of the tragedy last February, he testified that he saw Skinner and Haywood standing in front of the post office and saw Skinner strike Haywood, who fell back toward the post office. He says Mr. Skinner then fell back about eight feet. Had his left hand to his side in a threatening attitude. That Skinner took two or three steps toward Mr. Haywood as if to renew the attack. Then the first shot was fired by Mr. Haywood and Mr. Skinner staggered and passed behind a carriage near sidewalk when second shot was fired. He says when he saw Mr. Skinner again he was near the street car track that Skinner passed over and circled and fell. Mr. C. B. Hocutt of Raleigh was standing with Mr. Schultz at the time of the shooting and his testimony was substantially the same as Mr. Schultz's. The above is the principal evidence that has been heard for the defense. The trial is still in progress and will very likely run over into next week. Much interest is being taken in the trial as both families are very prominent in the State.

Murder and Robbery in Caswell County Last Saturday Night.

Reidsville, N. C., October 5.—A telephone message from Yanceyville gives particulars of a murder in Caswell county Saturday night. E. E. Pierce, a white man about 35 years old, was found in an unconscious condition about 8 o'clock Sunday morning and died that day at noon. Pierce was a native of Ireland county and had been living in Caswell county for a number of years. He was sleeping at Pruitt & Siddle's distillery, located about two miles from Gatewood, N. C., near the Virginia line. Unknown parties entered his room and dealt him a murderous blow over the left temple with a broken chair post, pillaged the premises and made their escape.

Announcement From Russia of Departure From Protective System.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 5.—It is intimated in the official messages that a reduction in the duty on raw cotton may be expected in the autumn of 1904. This is the first prospective departure from the prevailing protective system. The purchasing power of the Russian masses is so low that the textile interests are threatened with ruin, notably those in the St. Petersburg district.

CONFESSIONS OF A PRIEST.

Rev. Jno S. Cox, of Wake, Ark., writes, "For 12 years I suffered from Yellow Jaundice, I consulted a number of physicians and tried all sorts of medicines, but got no relief. I began the use of Electric Bitters and feel that I am now cured of a disease that had me in its grasp for twelve years." If you want a reliable medicine for Liver and Kidney trouble, stomach disorder or general debility, get Electric Bitters. It's guaranteed by all Druggists. Only 50c

A LOVE LETTER.

Would not interest you if you're looking for a guaranteed Salve for Sores, Burns or Piles. Otto Dodd, of Ponder, Mo., writes: "I suffered with an ugly sore for a year, but a box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured me. It's the best Salve on earth. 25c at any Drug Store."

BROKE INTO HIS HOUSE.

S. Le Quinn of Cavendish, Vt., was robbed of his customary health by invasion of Chronic Constipation. When Dr. King's New Life Pills broke into his house, his trouble was arrested and now he's entirely cured. They're guaranteed to cure, 25c at any Drug Store.

The November Designer.

Fashions for cold weather wear are effectively displayed in the November DESIGNER, and the handsome illustrations are accompanied by descriptions which tell just what materials and trimmings to employ to obtain the best results. Those who must perforce select mourning outfits will find this a most valuable number, for it makes such garments and millinery a specialty. In Thanksgiving features the November Designer is wonderfully strong, as witness "Harvest Festivals," by John De Morgan, "A Thanksgiving Celebration" by L. C. L., and three excellent short stories, all of which have an appetizing scent of turkey and pumpkin pies about them. We are made to feel that Christmas is coming dangerously close to those who have not yet selected their gifts, for there are four pages filled with suggestions for home-made presents, under "Making an Early Start for Christmas," and two more with the heading, "Lacey Novelties for Christmas Gifts." "Training for Self-Support," by Lilian C. Paschal, is an article which will be read with interest by every woman, whether she be in the business field or the home club, and closely akin is the popular department "What Women Are Doing." Two altogether charming features of this number are the pictorial pages showing babies of all kinds, and the delightful drill and play for tiny tots entitled "The Old Woman Who lived in the Shoe," which Miss Mabel Humphreys has illustrated in her original and dainty style. The many household departments which have given The Designer such a hold on the feminine fancy are filled this month with appropriate and valuable items. How such an excellent magazine as this can be issued with profit at eighty cents a year is a mystery which only its publishers can solve.

Winston Tobacco Association.

Winston-Salem, N. C., Oct. 5.—The Winston Tobacco association held its annual meeting this afternoon. President A. M. Coleman was re-elected, J. R. Green was chosen vice-president, Z. T. Bynum was re-elected secretary and treasurer and supervisor of sales. In his annual report, President Coleman says last year's crop "is conceded to have been the best grown in ten years, and that the average price paid for it should be a sufficient guarantee to the farmers that a crop of tobacco of good quality will always pay them, a profit over cost of production."

WANTED SEVERAL PERSONS of character and good reputation in each State (one in this country required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing Salary \$21.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash direct every Wednesday from head office. Horse and Carriage furnished when necessary. References. Enclosed self-addressed envelope. Colonial, 332 Dearborn St., Chicago

Mortgage Sale

By virtue of mortgage deed executed to me on Sept. 26, 1899 by S. W. Eddins and wife Lenora E. Eddins of Wake County, N. C., and registered in book 155 page 523 in the office of the Register of Deeds for said County, I will offer for sale for cash to the highest bidder at the court house door in the city of Raleigh, county and state aforesaid on the 28th day Oct 1903, the following described real estate for the purpose of satisfying said mortgage deed and notes attached: One tract of land adjoining the lands of F. T. Whitely, E. W. Hood and others, beginning at a point on Little River, at the mouth of Rocky Branch, thence up the various courses of said branch to a point on the branch 100 feet up the branch where a ridge path or cart way crosses the same, thence southerly parallel to said path to a point in the dividing line between E. W. Hood and E. W. Hood and A. J. Nowells heirs, thence with said line to Little River, thence up said river to the beginning, containing 100 acres more or less.
W. H. CHAMBLEE, SR., Mortgagee.
This 26th day Sept. 1903.

MISS MONIE BOWEY,

No. 38 Perry Street, DETROIT, MICHIGAN.

A couple of winters ago I slipped on a frozen sidewalk and fell flat on my back. On being examined I found that I had sustained internal injuries which laid me up for more than two months. After that I noticed that I had pains in the back and groin which I never had before. I doctored and doctored for several months but as the pains increased instead of growing better I decided that I was not having the right treatment. Reading in the papers of the wonderful cures performed by Wine of Cardui I wrote to one of the parties and received a very satisfactory reply and I immediately sent for some. In a very short time I felt generally better and after seven weeks faithful use I was once more well and strong. I have never had a sick hour since and I daily bless your splendid medicine.

MONIE BOWEY.
WINE OF CARDUI is one medicine that should always be kept on hand in every home for immediate use when female weakness first makes its appearance. Miss Boweys painful and dangerous accident would not have resulted so seriously had she taken Wine of Cardui promptly.

A million suffering women have found relief in Wine of Cardui.

Wine of Cardui makes women more womanly by curing their weakness and making them stronger. Wine of Cardui cures Miss Boweys. As a medicine for all women in every trying period of their lives can you think of a better medicine for yourself, your sister, your daughter or your mother? Can you think of a more acceptable present to give your friend than a bottle of this medicine which will bring her health and happiness? You are suffering? Your duty is to rid yourself of this pain. If your daughter, mother, sister or friend is sick and in need of relief, your duty is equally great to them. Many women, now well, owe their lives to friends who brought them Wine of Cardui.

Wine of Cardui is adapted to women at any age in any walk of life. For the working woman it gives her strength for her tasks and better treatment than a doctor for very small cost.

Your druggist will sell you a \$1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui. Secure the medicine today. Take it in the privacy of your home. Relief will come to you as surely as you take it.

YOU ARE TO BE THE JUDGE



YOU ARE TO BE THE ONE.

To say whether it is or isn't; whether you will or you won't; whether you are right or wrong? We leave it to YOU entirely, for you to decide. The only evidence we want to submit is a dollar package of VITAE-ORE, which package we want you to use, at our risk.

All we ask is a fair verdict. We say, if you are sick, that VITAE-ORE will cure you! We say that one package will prove to you that it is the remedy for your case and condition. If it does not, you, to be the judge, we want nothing from you.

READ

Our Special Offer.

We will send to every worthy sick and ailing person who writes us, mentioning the Caucasian, a full size one-dollar package of VITAE-ORE by mail, postpaid, sufficient for one month's continuous treatment, to be paid for within one month's time after receipt. If receiver can truthfully say that its use has done him or her more good than all the drugs and doses of quacks or good doctors or patent medicines he or she has ever used. Read this over again and understand that we ask our only when it has done you good, and not before. We take all the risk, you have nothing to lose. If it does not benefit you, you pay us nothing. We do not offer to send you a free sample to last three or four days but we do offer to send you a regular \$1.00 package of the most successful curative medicine known to the civilized world, without one cent of risk to you. We offer to give you thirty days to try the medicine, thirty days to see results before you need pay us one cent, and you need not pay the one cent unless you do see the results. You are to be the judge! We know that when VITAE-ORE has put you on the road to a cure you will be more than willing to pay. We are willing to take the risk.

What Vitae-Ore is:

VITAE-ORE is a natural, hard, adamant, rock-like substance—mineral—ORE—mined from the ground like gold and silver in neighborhood of a once powerful but now extinct mineral spring. It requires twenty years for oxidation by exposure to the air, when it slacks down like lime and is then of medical value. It contains free iron, free sulphur and free magnesium, three properties which are most essential for the retention of health in the human system, and one package—one ounce—of the ORE when mixed with a quart of water will equal in medicinal strength and curative value 800 gallons of the most powerful mineral water drunk fresh from the springs. It is a geological discovery, in which there is nothing added or taken from. It is the marvel of the century for curing

Rheumatism, Bright's Disease, Blood-poisoning, Heart Trouble, Dropsy, Catarrh and throat Affections, Liver and Kidney ailments, Stomach and Female Disorders, La Grippe, Malarial Fever, Nervous Prostration and General Debility,

as thousands testify, and no one, answering this, writing for a package, will deny after using. Medical Science has failed to improve upon or even equal the remedies found in a free state in healing mineral springs. Physicians, the oldest and best, the newest and learned, acknowledge this to be a fact when they encounter a disease which is not amenable to the action of drugs by packing the patient off to Carlsbad, Saratoga, Baden, there to drink the waters which contain the essential properties for the restoration of health, and the patient returns fresh, healthy, in mind and body. If the sufferers cannot afford the trip—and few but the wealthy can—they must continue to suffer, as the waters deteriorate rapidly and when transported fail to produce the desired results.

A Letter to the Theo. Noel Company, Chicago, will bring a healing mineral spring to your door, to your own house, your chamber—will bring to you VITAE-ORE, a mineral spring condensed and concentrated, a natural God-made remedy for the relief and cure of all with which man is afflicted. Why continue to suffer when the natural curing and healing ore, Nature's remedy, can be had for the asking, when the poor as well as the rich can have the benefit of healing springs? This offer will challenge the attention and consideration of every living person who desires better health, or who suffers pains, ills and diseases which have defined the medical world and grown worse with age. We care not for your skepticism, but ask only your investigation, and, at our expense, regardless of what ills you have, by sending to us for a package.

You are to be the Judge.

IMPURE BLOOD—Almost every one in this latitude is a sufferer from diseases caused by impure blood, the corner stone of more ills than all other causes combined and only here and there one recognizes that in his blood lurks the seeds of disease, ready to take root and manifest themselves at the first opportunity in some of the innumerable hideous ways so dreaded by everybody. Every neighborhood has its afflicted, many seemingly incurable, with complaints that have gradually and almost imperceptibly made their appearance, growing a little worse with each change of the season until chronic ailments are well settled and developed in the system, such as stomach, liver, and bowel troubles. Each takes one or more forms peculiar to such diseases, but all are due to impure blood, to the absence from the blood of some necessary vital force, or the presence of some foreign element, which impairs its powers to faithfully perform its duties to the system, causing a long list of complaints which yearly drag thousands to the grave.

To purify the blood, eradicate disease, build up the system, VITAE-ORE is without a peer among remedies.

dial agents. No other remedy extant can equal it as a powerful constitutional tonic, a blood vitalizer, renovator and regenerator. It contains, as its constitutional parts, elements needed by the blood, which are absorbed by the thousands of minute blood capillaries, and taking their proper place in the circulation, expel all foreign secretions which have been undermining the health. It supplies the wants of nature, is her able assistant and one that can be depended upon to do its work under all conditions.

It is the ideal tonic for weak Anemic men and women. Under treatment with it, the watery impoverished blood becomes strong and viable, and as it courses through the veins imparts color of health to the face, a sparkle to the eye, and strength and vigor to the system.

A CERTAIN AND NEVER-FAILING CURE FOR

Rheumatism	Nervous Prostration and Anemia
Lumbago	Liver, Kidney and
Bright's Disease	Diabetes
La Grippe	Catarrh of any part
Blood Poisoning	Female Complaints
Dropsy	Stomach and
Sores and Ulcers	Bowel Disorders
Malarial Fevers	General Debility

Out of the Jaws of Death

Cured in One Month's Time a Serious Kidney and Rheumatic Trouble. Was Broken Down, Disheartened and Almost Helpless.

Read what Mr. M. V. Estes, of No. 8 Trinity St., Atlanta, Ga., who answered our advertisement and received a package of VITAE-ORE on trial, says of the medicine:

Atlanta Ga.—When I look back at my condition and suffering during recent years and thing of the herbs, roots and barks, tinctures, powders, and liniments I have taken and rubbed with all to no purpose, and that I was cured at last in one month with VITAE-ORE, I stand dazed and amazed at the result. Indeed, I feel like exclaiming with Mr. Richardson, (a correspondent of the New York Herald), on closing an account of his escape from a Confederate prison during the late war between the States, "Out of the Jaws of Death, out of the Mouth of Hell!"

Thirty years ago I contracted a disease of the kidneys and commenced passing gravel from them, the pain of them throwing me into spasms. Those only who have passed through this ordeal can give an idea of the suffering connected with it. These spells continued at irregular but frequent intervals, down to a month ago. During all this time my urine was highly colored, sometimes profuse and sometimes scant, but at all times charged with a yellowish, albuminous, brick-dust deposit.

About three years ago I was attacked with Rheumatism in my right hip joint, knees and muscles all over my body. Physicians told me I had Diabetes and marked symptoms of Bright's disease and commenced to dope me with mercury, soda, lithia, salicylic acid, potash, etc., all of which were constantly constipating me, and nearly everything I ate disagreed with me. You can well imagine my condition and state of mind. I was broken down, disheartened and helpless.

By chance I had placed in my hand a Chicago paper, containing an advertisement of VITAE-ORE, and like a drowning man, I caught at it, sent for it, and it has proved to be the "Oar" that enabled me to paddle my frail bark into the haven of health. I used the ore in hot water, and it commenced to benefit me from the first

dose. In four days I saw a marked change for the better, and so wrote you. My urine became cleared up and natural in color. In six days the brick-dust deposit was gone. My bowels became regular. I could eat what I wanted, and what I did eat did not hurt me and was perfectly digested. I slept soundly at night without those terrible hallucinations that had haunted my slumbers so long, but best of all the pain was leaving my suffering limbs. I could walk without crutch or stick.

Now after taking a dollar package of VITAE-ORE, I say I am better in health than I have been in thirty years. All this wonderful change in my condition is due to the virtue contained in one ounce of Ore taken from Mother Earth. Would that I could impress upon every one suffering with kidneys, stomach, liver rheumatism, etc., what I know of the virtues of VITAE-ORE. Take it according to directions but always in hot water, and you will not be long in joining with me in singing the praises of VITAE-ORE and praising Theo. Noel for his efforts in introducing this grand boon to suffering humanity. Theo. Noel's name should go down to posterity side by side with that of Harvey, one for discovering the circulation of the blood, the other for unearthing Nature's means of purifying it.

M. V. Estes

Reaffirmed One Year Later.
Atlanta, Ga.—My faith in VITAE-ORE grows stronger every day. I suffered with Kidney trouble for years and never got any relief until I used VITAE-ORE, that did the work, and I am still well. Can get insurance on my life in any company that accepts men of my age.

M. V. ESTES.
PERMANENT CURES.—In making the claim a quarter of a century ago that VITAE-ORE is the best thing in, on or out of the earth for sick, ailing or suffering people, we made it unreservedly and unqualifiedly, without any stipulation or "saving clause," knowing from our experience and from the experience of the few who had already used it at that early date, that its virtues and curative properties would fully substantiate this claim; that it was the best, not only because it gave relief from pain and the effects of disease, but that it cured the disease, and cured it effectually and permanently, hence the reason for the lines we have so often used in our advertisements and literature: "Get cured to stay cured," and "Not only immediate relief, but a permanent cure." Two many preparations are put on the market and advertised to give relief, too few to cure.

The test of a medicine is not so much in the experience and immediate testimony from the use of one package or bottle, but in the experience of people written months or years after they have used that one package or bottle, and who testify that it cured them at that time, and that they have never had a recurrence of the malady. How many of the testimonials you see published in the papers of the land are such testimonials, how many who testify that they were and are permanently cured? VITAE-ORE has thousands and thousands of such experiences to its credit.

It has been before the public for a quarter of a century. It cured numerous people right after its first introduction, and they have remained cured and are cured today. It is curing people by the thousands today of all manner of diseases, who will still be cured at a date, a quarter of a century hence. We have repeatedly received letters from people who wrote us testimonial letters years ago, now saying that they have had absolutely no return of the trouble or troubles.

VITAE-ORE strikes the disease at its root, entirely eradicates every vestige or trace, and the patient is cured to stay cured. Its cures are permanent, and for this reason it itself is a permanent remedy, one that has come to stay, that will grow in popularity and sell more rapidly from year to year, always curing with a permanent cure, always satisfying, always selling.

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Theo. Noel Company, Caucasian Dep't, Vitae-Ore Building, Chicago, Ill.

GOOD CLOTHING

AT LOW PRICES
—You will find them at—

WHITING BROTHERS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

The Best Line of Shoes in the City.

All Styles of Hats.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY.

TRY US.



CASH OR CREDIT.
Catalogue FREE.
PRICE \$33.50
It will pay you to send for our Catalogue No. 6, quoting prices on Buggies, Harness, etc. We sell direct from our Factory to Consumers at Factory Prices. This guaranteed Buggy only \$33.50; Cash or Easy Monthly Payments. We trust honest people located in all parts of the world.
Write for Free Catalogue. MENTION THIS PAPER.
DEPT 1 East St. Louis, Ill.

Personally Conducted Autumn Tours To

LAKE TOXAWAY

And The Sapphire Contry

VERY LOW RATES

In order to give to everyone an opportunity to see and enjoy the wonderful and beautiful Lake and Mountain section, in the Land of the Sky, known as the "Sapphire Country," the Southern Railway will sell tickets on Tuesdays, September 15, 22 and 29, 1903, from Raleigh, N. C., to Lake Toxaway, N. C., and return, at rate of \$31.50. This rate includes railroad fare from Raleigh to Lake Toxaway and return, carriage ride between Lake Toxaway, Lake Sapphire and Lake Fairfield; also seven days board at either the Franklin Inn at Brevard, Toxaway Inn at Lake Toxaway, Sapphire Inn at Lake Sapphire, or the seven days time may be divided between any two or all of the hotels. These excursions will be personally conducted from Hendersonville, and every attention will be shown to those making the trip, especially ladies and children traveling alone. Lakes Toxaway, Fairfield and Sapphire are situated at an altitude of over 3,000 feet and are among the highest located Lakes in the United States. Splendid boating, fishing and hunting. Tickets good to return ten days from date of sale. For information, address nearest Ticket Agent of the Southern Railway or S. H. Hardwick, General Passenger Agent, Washington, D. C.
T. E. GREEN, C. T. A., Raleigh, N. C.

